



# Know Your Numbers

Setting Marketing Budgets and  
Measuring Your Return on Investment

# Common Questions:

- “How much should I spent on Google Ads?”
- “What should my Facebook Ads budget be?”
- “How do I know if my ads are working?”

The answer is  
different for every  
business, product  
and service.

Why?

# The Variables...

- Retail Price
- Cost
- Margin
- Quantity / Volume
- Repeat Purchases / Frequency
- Add Ons / Cross Sells / Up Sells
- Subscription / Continuity
- Life Time Value
- Complexity of Sale / Buying Cycle
- Conversion Rates
- Competition / Strength of Offer
- The list goes on and on and on...

# So where do you start?

## Start with the End in Mind...

- What are your goals for the campaign?
  - Awareness / Sales / Leads
  - Profit v Volume
  - What's Your Timing
  - Business Impact
    - Staff / Resources
    - Process / Stock / Warehousing

# Gather the Data...

- What have you done in the past? - Historical Data
- What were the results? – What did you measure?
- Apply the 80/20 principle – Product v Catalogue
- Seasonal considerations
- What's hot now / Google Trends
- Check out Google Analytics / Search Console

Know where you are  
right now. As with  
most advertising,  
you are likely to  
simply amplify your  
existing results.

# Scenario 1

“Rob”



Emergency Plumber



# What we know...

- Goal = 10 New Clients / week
- Timing = Next 12 weeks
- Price = \$300 / inc call out
- Cost = \$60 / hour
- Conversion Rate = 50% (Why?)
- Retention = 0 (Why?)

# Run the Numbers...

- Revenue = 10 Clients x \$300 each = \$3,000 wk
- Cost = 10 Clients x (10 hrs x \$60) = \$600 wk
- Margin = 80% or \$2,400 wk
- Life Time Value = \$300
- Client = 1 / 50% = 2 Leads
- Breakeven = 20 Leads = \$2,400 or **\$120 / lead**

# Run the Numbers...

★ List: **Emergency Plumber** ⚙️ Actions ▾

**330** Search sum      **\$13.93** Avg. CPC      **72** Avg. PPC      **18** Avg. KD

Filter 🔍 Find in table...

<input type="checkbox"/>	Keywords	Trend	↕ Search	↕ CPC	↕ PPC	↕ KD
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ <b>24 hr plumber</b> AU		10	\$14.97	78	<b>18</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ plumbing services near me AU		20	\$14.82	78	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ emergency plumber AU		220	\$14.39	78	<b>18</b>
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ 24 hour emergency plumbing AU		10	\$6.20	59	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ 24 hour plumber AU		40	\$13.20	75	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ emergency plumber near me AU		10	\$16.76	70	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ 24 hour plumbing service near me AU		10	\$22.95	100	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ 24 hour plumbing service AU		10	\$8.12	40	🔍

# Run the Numbers...

- Breakeven
- Hi Return
- Mid Return
- Low Return

# Run the Numbers...

## Breakeven

- Average Cost Per Click = \$13.93
- \$120 lead / \$13.93 = 8.61 clicks
- Website Conversion = 11.61%
- ROAS = Conversion Value / Ad cost
- ROAS = \$3,000 / \$2,400 = 1.25

- **But WAIT????**

# Run the Numbers...

## Defining ROI

$$\text{ROI} = \frac{\text{Profits} - \text{Costs}}{\text{Costs}} \times 100$$

ROI measures the profit generated by ads relative to the cost of those ads. It's a business-centric metric that is most effective at measuring how ads contribute to an organisation's bottom line.

# Run the Numbers...

## Defining ROAS

$$\text{ROAS} = \frac{\text{Revenue from Ads}}{\text{Cost of Ads}}$$

ROAS measures gross revenue generated for every dollar spent on advertising. It is an advertiser-centric metric that gauges the effectiveness of online advertising campaigns.

# Run the Numbers...

## ROAS Hybrid

$$\text{ROI} = \frac{\text{Revenue from Ads}}{\text{Cost of Ads} + \text{COGS}}$$

ROAS figures can be widely deceptive if the costs of the goods aren't taken into consideration. Marketing a \$10 product with a \$1 cost will yield vastly different results than a product for \$10 with a cost of \$5



# Run the Numbers...

## Breakeven

- Average Cost Per Click = \$13.93
- \$120 lead / \$13.93 = 8.61 clicks
- Website Conversion = 11.61%
- Hybrid ROAS = Conv Value / Ad cost + COGS
- Hybrid ROAS = \$3,000 / \$2,400 + \$600 = **1**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1**

# Run the Numbers...

## Hi Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$13.93
- \$40 lead / \$13.93 = 2.87 clicks
- Website Conversion = 34.84%
- ROAS = \$3,000 / \$800 + \$600 = **2.14**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$2.14**

# Run the Numbers...

## Mid Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$13.93
- \$80 lead / \$13.93 = 5.74 clicks
- Website Conversion = 17.42%
- ROAS = \$3,000 / \$1,600 + \$600 = **1.36**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.36**

# Run the Numbers...

## Low Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$13.93
- \$100 lead / \$13.93 = 7.17 clicks
- Website Conversion = 13.94%
- ROAS = \$3,000 / \$2,000 + \$600 = **1.15**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.15**

# Considerations...

- Time Frame = 12 Weeks = Campaign Velocity
- Rob can take his time
- Quality of Leads – Qualified v Non Qualified
- Rob's ads stop, his revenue stops
- What are the key variables in Rob's control
- What other traffic sources  $<$  or  $=$  \$13.93 / click

# Scenario 2

“Suzie”



Bookkeeper

# What we know...

- Goal = 10 New Clients
- Timing = Next 4 weeks
- Price = \$400 / month retainer
- Cost = \$50 / hour - (1 hour per week)
- Conversion Rate = 25%
- Retention = 24 months Industry Average

# Run the Numbers...

- Revenue = 1 Client x \$400 mth = \$400 mth
- Cost = 1 Client x (4 hrs x \$50) = \$200 mth
- Margin = 50% or \$200 mth
- LTV = 24 x \$400 = \$9,600 or \$4,800 / yr
- Client = 1 / 25% = 4 Leads
- Breakeven = 4 Leads = \$200 or **\$50 / lead**



# Run the Numbers...

★ List: **Bookkeeper** ⚙️ Actions ▾

930 Search sum      \$7.39 Avg. CPC      78 Avg. PPC      27 Avg. KD

Filter 🔍 Find in table...

<input type="checkbox"/>	Keywords	Trend	↕ Search	↕ CPC	↕ PPC	↕ KD
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ <b>bookkeeping</b> AU		740	\$8.64	57	24
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ bookkeeping service AU		140	\$6.22	65	22
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ small business bookkeeping AU		20	\$8.36	87	45
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ bookkeeping packages AU		10	\$7.13	100	15
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ basic bookkeeping AU		10	\$4.17	64	🔍
<input type="checkbox"/>	★ book keepers AU		10	\$9.80	95	🔍

# Run the Numbers...

## Breakeven

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$50 lead / \$7.39 = 6.76 clicks
- Website Conversion = 14.79%
- Hybrid ROAS = Conv Value / Ad cost + COGS
- Hybrid ROAS = \$400 / \$200 + \$200 = **1**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1**

# Run the Numbers...

## Hi Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$20 lead / \$7.39 = 2.70 clicks
- Website Conversion = 37.03%
- ROAS = \$400 / \$80 + \$200 = **1.42**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.42**

# Run the Numbers...

## Mid Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$30 lead / \$7.39 = 4.05 clicks
- Website Conversion = 24.69%
- ROAS = \$400 / \$120 + \$200 = **1.25**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.25**

# Run the Numbers...

## Low Return

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$40 lead / \$7.39 = 5.41 clicks
- Website Conversion = 18.48%
- ROAS = \$400 / \$160 + \$200 = **1.11**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.11**

# Run the Numbers... LTV

- Revenue = 1 Client x \$9,600 = 24 mths
- Cost = \$200 mth x 24 mths = \$4,800
- Margin = 50% or \$4,800
- Client = 1 / 25% = 4 Leads
- Breakeven = 4 Leads = \$4,800 or **\$1,200 / lead**

# Run the Numbers...

## Breakeven LTV

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$1,200 lead / \$7.39 = 162.38 clicks
- Website Conversion = 0.61%
- Hybrid ROAS = Conv Value / Ad cost + COGS
- Hybrid ROAS = \$9,600 / \$4,800 + \$4,800 = **1**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1**

# Run the Numbers...

## Hi Return LTV

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$400 lead / \$7.39 = 54.12 clicks
- Website Conversion = 1.84%
- Hybrid ROAS = \$9,600 / \$1,600 + \$4,800 = **1.50**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.50**



# Run the Numbers...

## Mid Return LTV

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$600 lead / \$7.39 = 81.19 clicks
- Website Conversion = 1.23%
- Hybrid ROAS = \$9,600 / \$2,400 + \$4,800 = **1.33**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.33**

# Run the Numbers...

## Mid Return LTV

- Average Cost Per Click = \$7.39
- \$1,000 lead / \$7.39 = 135.31 clicks
- Website Conversion = 0.73%
- Hybrid ROAS = \$9,600 / \$4,000 + \$4,800 = **1.09**
- For Every \$1 Ad spend the return is **\$1.09**

# Considerations...

- Life Time Value of the Client
- How long can Suzie “fund” the advertising?
- Quality of Leads – Qualified v Non Qualified
- How many months does Suzie need to work to break even on each client?
- Velocity of the campaign = 4 weeks
- What happens if Suzie stops advertising?
- How often does Suzie need to find a new customer?

# Scenario 3

“Sally”



Online Store – Fitness Clothes

# Considerations...

- What extra considerations does Sally have?
- Product v Catalogue
- Various CPC for various products
- The latest survey and studies in 2020 show that the average conversion rate of e-commerce websites is 2.86%.
- Quantity / Volume
- Repeat Purchases / Frequency
- Add Ons / Cross Sells / Up Sells

# To Wrap Up

- Start with the End in Mind
- Gather Historical Data
- Consider Hybrid ROAS over ROI
- First step is breakeven
- Doing better than that?

**That's called a MIRACLE**

# That's All Folks...

## Questions ?